

An Overview of the Production, Health Risks, and Potential Exposure to Vermiculite Attic Insulation



Erik R. Janus Toxicologist



The story starts in a mine in western Montana ...



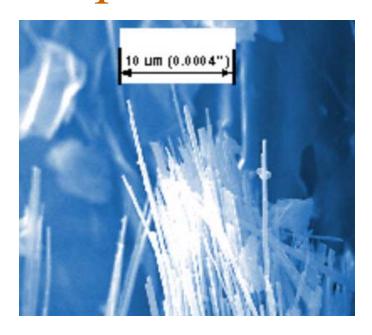
... and continues in Dearborn, Michigan (Wayne County)







The problem with Zonolite®



Vermiculite ore was found to be 3 to 7% tremolite by weight; waste material likely contains much more!

- The mine in Libby provided ~80% of world supply of vermiculite
- Naturally contaminated with tremolite/actinolite asbestos ("Libby asbestos")
- Expansion ("exfoliation") process releases friable fibers



Vermiculite Attic Insulation (VAI)





What are the health risks?

- Identical to those faced from asbestos exposure:
 - Lung cancer, mesothelioma (cancer of the lining of the lungs), asbestosis, and other disorders of the lung and its lining (pleura)
 - Latency periods generally 10-40 years after exposure
- Tremolite asbestos fibers are retained in the lung longer than others, are more resistant to breakage, and considered "more toxic"



What is the proof?

- Epi studies of Libby miners and millers showed chronic exposure to airborne tremolite increases risks of lung disorders
- Other epi studies in regions where:
 - tremolite whitewash used in homes
 - areas of high surface deposits
- Animal toxicological studies



Why are we looking at Dearborn?

- Libby mine bought by W.R. Grace in 1963 and started shipping ore to various expansion plants in U.S.
- Dearborn facility processed over 200,000 tons of ore from 1966 to 1988
 - One of the "top sites" in terms of ore processed
- Health findings from Libby and other processing sites prompted ATSDR "National Asbestos Exposure Review"



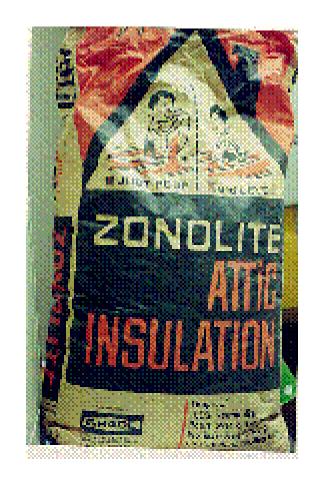
ATSDR/MDCH Health Consultation

- Released in October 2004
- Conclusions:
 - Workers were exposed to dangerous levels of asbestos at the former W.R. Grace facility while it processed vermiculite ore
 - Household contacts of workers were also exposed to dangerous levels
 - Occasional contact with low levels of asbestos in soil is possible today



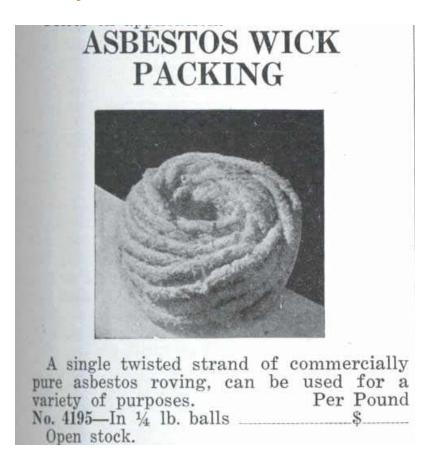
Why am I here today?

- Numerous sources have estimated that as many as 700,00 homes in Michigan may have VAI in the attic/walls
- Recently, EPA concluded that disturbing VAI can pose asbestos exposure risk





Why am I here today?



- To provide all the resources and info you may need on this issue
- To start my outreach strategy
- To take any info or suggestions you may have

This is very likely just the tip of the iceberg....



What is the likelihood of exposure?

- Workers of WR Grace/Dearborn and their household contacts are considered exposed
- You probably were exposed if you lived near the site AND had direct contact with ore, insulation, waste materials, or dust emissions from the plant



What is the likelihood of exposure?

You probably were exposed if you had direct contact with waste piles (e.g., if you played on them as a child)

You probably were exposed if you brought ore or waste material home for use in your driveway, garden, etc.

What about asbestos exposure from VAI?

- EPA demonstrated that disturbance of VAI can create a potential asbestos exposure risk (but also said more study was needed)
- Dose, route, duration and frequency of exposure is crucial
- Type of fiber and length of fiber also correlated with toxicity



Resources for VAI questions

- MDCH VAI web site (1-800-648-6942)
 http://www.michigan.gov/vai
- ATSDR Asbestos/NAER web sites
 http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/asbestos/index.html
 http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/naer/index.html
- EPA Vermiculite/Asbestos web site
 http://www.epa.gov/asbestos/verm.html



Good resources to have on hand

- MDCH/ATSDR health consultation fact sheet/summary
- MDLEG Asbestos Program contact info
 (517) 322 1320 or http://www.michigan.gov/asbestos
- ATSDR Vermiculite Consumer Products fact sheet
- ATSDR ToxFAQ for Asbestos
- EPA/ATSDR Vermiculite Attic Insulation fact sheet

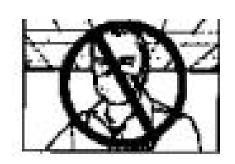


Concluding Statements

- There is potential for asbestos exposure in homes with VAI
- Disturbance of VAI can release friable, loose asbestos fibers
- Sufficient exposure to fibers in VAI can lead to cancer and non-cancer health effects



Concluding Statements



- People need to know that VAI represents a source of friable asbestos in the home
- Avoid/reduce exposure to VAI:
 - Don't disturb it!
 - Avoid unnecessary trips to attic
 - Hire trained professionals to remove, sample, or do renovation/repair work if needed
 - Seal cracks or holes from attic space



Questions, Concerns, or Comments?

Erik R. Janus, M.S.
Toxicologist, MDCH
Toll-free phone 1-800-648-6842
E-mail januse@michigan.gov

http://www.michigan.gov/vai





